

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION ADVISORY SYSTEM U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Washington, D.C. 20210	CLASSIFICATION Workforce Information
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ADVISORY: TRAINING AND EMPLOYMENT GUIDANCE LETTER NO. 39-14

TO: STATE WORKFORCE AGENCIES
STATE WORKFORCE ADMINISTRATORS
STATE LABOR COMMISSIONERS
STATE AND LOCAL WORKFORCE BOARD CHAIRS AND DIRECTORS
STATE WORKFORCE LIAISONS
STATE LABOR MARKET INFORMATION, WORKFORCE
INFORMATION, OR RESEARCH DIRECTORS

FROM: PORTIA WU 
Assistant Secretary

SUBJECT: Program Year (PY) 2015 Workforce and Labor Market Information Grants to States (WIGS): Policy and Program Guidance, Deliverables, and Formula Allocations

1. **Purpose.** To provide policy and program guidance for the development, management, and delivery of workforce and labor market information (WLMI) funded through WIGS.

2. **References.**

- Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995, Public Law (Pub. L). 104-13 and 44 U.S.C. 3501-3520;
- Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 508 as amended (29 U.S.C. 794d);
- Wagner-Peyser Act, Sections 3, 10(c), and 15 (29 U.S.C. 49b, 49(i)(c), and 49(l)(2)), as amended by the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act;
- Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Section 308 (Pub. L. 113-128);
- Training and Employment Guidance Letter (TEGL) No. 29-14, April 27, 2015, *Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Adult, Dislocated Worker and Youth Activities Program Allotments for Program Year (PY) 2015; Final PY 2015 Allotments for the Wagner-Peyser Act Employment Services (ES) Program Allotments; and Workforce Information Grants to States Allotments for PY 2015;*
- TEGL No. 19-14, February 9, 2015, *Vision for the Workforce System and Initial Implementation of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act;*
- TEGL No. 15-14, December 19, 2014, *Implementation of the New Uniform Guidance Regulations;*
- TEGL No. 03-14, July 30, 2014, *Implementing a Job-Driven Workforce System;*

RESCISSIONS None	EXPIRATION DATE Continuing
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- TEGL No. 23-13, April 28, 2014, *Program Year (PY) 2014 Workforce Information Grants to States (WIGS): Policy and Program Guidance, Application Instructions, and Formula Allocations; and*
- Training and Employment Notice (TEN) No. 19-14, Change 1, *Announcing the publication of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Notices of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRMs) in the Federal Register.*

3. **Labor Market Information in WIOA.** WLMI is cited throughout the new WIOA legislation, as is the requirement to provide training for “in-demand industries and occupations,” which can only be identified through the analysis of WLMI. The law heightens the focus on workforce and labor market information’s role in state, local, and regional data-driven planning, and service delivery design for job seekers and businesses. To ensure America’s workers are equipped appropriately to improve their career prospects and secure their economic prosperity, WIGS are an essential component in supporting these informed decision-making efforts through the provision of data, research and tools.

The Employment and Training Administration (ETA) published guidance sharing a vision for WIOA implementation, TEGL No. 29-14, which highlights that “State and local leaders ensure investments in employment, education and training programs are evidence-based and data-driven...State and local areas provide robust, validated data to inform strategy, operations, and evaluations.” Furthermore, the vision for excellent customer service that One-Stops/American Job Centers (AJCs) will provide to jobseekers, workers, and business includes “high-quality, integrated data [*that*] informs policymaker, employer and job seeker decision making...” This increased emphasis on, and attention to, WLMI means that the products and deliverables from the WIGS are increasingly valued, and WIGS grantees should seek to be engaged in WIOA transition planning within their states to inform policymakers of the information, analysis, and technical support that you can offer to assist the state in meeting its goals and vision.

Five Notices of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRMs) for implementation of WIOA have been issued as described in TEN No. 19-14 which directs individuals to www.regulations.gov to share comments on the specific proposed rules. The comment period closed June 15, 2015. Generally, the provisions of WIOA take effect July 1, 2015. ETA will issue Final Regulations in 2016.

4. **Fund Allotments, Goals and Objectives.** ETA is awarding \$32,000,000 in PY 2015 for WIGS. ETA will distribute a total of \$176,800 to Guam and the Virgin Islands, and allocates the remaining \$31,823,200 by formula to the states, the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico. For the formula group, 40 percent is distributed equally and the remaining 60 percent is distributed based on each jurisdiction’s relative share of the civilian labor force for the 12-month period ending September 2014. **Attachment 1 shows the allocations.** Hereafter, we use the term “state” to also include the District of Columbia and the territories.

Each year ETA funds these WIGS and specifies grant requirements. The main body of this TEGL describes required, encouraged and other allowable activities. **Attachment 2 summarizes WIGS requirements, and includes important administrative details that**

are not covered in the body of the guidance, such as deadlines and submission requirements for grant deliverables.

5. **Required, Encouraged, and Other Allowable Activities.** State workforce agencies use WIGS to develop and disseminate essential state and local WLMI for a range of customer groups: 1) job seekers; 2) businesses/employers; 3) workforce and labor market intermediaries, such as employment, school, and career counselors, and case managers at AJCs, who help individuals find a job or make career decisions, or engage businesses seeking skilled workers; 4) program and service planners at educational institutions and community-based organizations; 5) policy makers, including state and local workforce development boards (WDBs); 6) partners, such as economic development entities and human resource professionals; and 7) other customers, including recipients of workforce development grants, researchers, commercial data providers, and the media. Grantees have considerable flexibility to meet customer needs, but must consult with stakeholders and prepare a variety of data products and tools.

Required products. Grantees must produce a database (*a* below) plus two main types of public products (*b* and *c* below). If the grantee does not produce a required deliverable, it must negotiate an extension and a revised submission schedule with the appropriate ETA regional office.

- a. **Workforce Information Database (WIDb).** June 30, 2016 is the due date for the states to complete the conversion to version 2.6. Accurate and reliable data are a cornerstone of the nation's workforce investment system. The WIDb includes the most important workforce-related data elements and defines them consistently, ensuring comparability across jurisdictions. Its variables include: employment projections; wages; information on occupational licenses, as well as data from national sources on educational programs; the locations of educational and training institutions; and contact information for all U.S. employers.

States must use WIGS funds to populate, maintain, and update the WIDb, and to provide related staff training. Grantees must implement and maintain the most current version (now 2.6) of WIDb and populate all designated core tables. The Analyst Resource Center Web site (www.workforceinfodb.org) describes all required data elements and helps grantees obtain maximum benefit from the WIDb. The National Crosswalk Service Center can help grantees recode their occupational data (as needed), and provides a repository for other types of crosswalks (515-242-5034 or www.xwalkcenter.org). ETA uses the WIDb to offer career information and guidance via CareerOneStop (www.careeronestop.org), ETA's suite of national electronic tools for students, parents, job seekers, labor market intermediaries, employers, and many others.

- b. **State and local industry and occupational employment projections.** These projections are the most frequently requested type of employment statistic besides the unemployment rate. Projections are used: to identify in-demand industries and occupations for career guidance; to plan employment, education and training, and economic development programs; as supporting documentation to apply for Federal grants; and for many other purposes. The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) funds

national employment projections, but WIGS fund the state and local projections, produced by the states with assistance from ETA and BLS.

The employment projections requirements are described in the table below and deadlines for these products are established by the Projections Managing Partnership (PMP), a state consortium. ETA's requirements do not differ between industry and occupational projections, but vary for long-term vs. short-term projections, and statewide vs. sub-state projections. ETA grantees who are unable to produce the required projections by the deadline prescribed by the state-led PMP must report this to the appropriate ETA regional office.

Grantees must use the methodology, software, and guidelines specified by the PMP to produce all projections. Additionally, states must use the Local Employment and Wages Information System (LEWIS), formerly the Estimates Data System (EDS), to provide the staffing patterns for sub-state projections. To meet these requirements, ETA encourages grantees to use WIGS funds to obtain training provided by the PMP (see <https://support.projectionscentral.com/>, click on "Online Training" at the top), ARC (see www.workforceinfodb.org) and other WLMI-related sources.

- c. **A statewide annual economic analysis report.** ETA regards state economic, workforce and labor market analyses as essential to strategic planning for WIOA and other workforce programs. ETA requires that WIGS grantees develop a comprehensive statewide economic analysis report of value to state policy makers, including the governor, state legislature, and state and local WDBs, and encourages its annual publication. However, ETA recognizes that conditions may not change sufficiently each year to necessitate an annual report, and gives states the discretion to determine their frequency. For years in which a comprehensive economic report is not issued, grantees must develop and publish other economic reports of value to state policy makers.

Grantees have broad discretion over the content of reports, but they should include analyses of labor market trends and challenges, at both the state and sub-state levels, on such topics as: employment growth or decline (actual and projected); unemployment and other labor market hardship indicators (such as low earnings); identification of growing and/or in-demand occupations and/or industries; other analyses of key sectors, important industries and any emerging occupations; and potential skill imbalances, mismatches or deficiencies, within the limitations of the available data.

The report also should provide information and analyses that can support workforce planning and the process of making policy decisions for workforce development, education, economic development and business engagement around sector strategies and career pathways initiatives, rather than being an academic exercise that is primarily accessible to, or of interest to, a research audience. Analyses included in the report should address the unemployed population, including the experiences, needs, and challenges of the various special populations identified in the state's unified strategic plan.

ETA will *not* accept the following submissions for the economic analysis report or its substitute: 1) data tables alone; 2) job listings; 3) maps alone; 4) reports done by the grantee for BLS (e.g., news releases, employment situation reports, etc.); 5) reports solely funded by Federal sources other than WIGS; or 6) reports developed, prepared or published entirely by another entity.

Deliverable	Required, encouraged and other allowable activities	Due Date
Statewide <i>long-term</i>	Ten-year projections are required in odd-numbered calendar years.	June 30, 2016. Projection period 2014-2024
Statewide <i>short-term</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Submission of 2-year projections is required each year. • ETA also encourages states to disseminate their short-term projections. • States may <i>also</i> produce longer projections (e.g., 3, 4 or 5 years). • ETA also encourages states to disseminate alternative projections. • ETA discourages development of 1-year projections. 	February 28, 2016 Projected to 2017 with a base year of 2015.
Sub-state <i>long-term</i>	10-year projections are required in even-numbered calendar years.	Not required this year, but will be a requirement for PY 2016 grants
Sub-state <i>short-term</i>	These are an encouraged, but not a required, activity.	NA
Work Force Information Database (WIDb)	PY 2015 is a transition year <u>for all states</u> to update to WIDb 2.6.	June 30, 2016.
WIGS PY 2016 Statewide Economic Analysis Report	States submit this report to the appropriate ETA regional office.	September 30, 2016
WIGS PY 2016 Annual Performance Report	States submit this report to the appropriate ETA regional offices. This report should include web-links to any additional economic and labor market reports and products.	September 30, 2016
WLMI Training for the Workforce System	ETA encourages, but does not require States to provide such training, for AJC and WDB staff.	Ongoing

Encouraged additional WLMI reports and products. ETA encourages grantees to produce other reports and data in addition to those specified above. Grantees have wide discretion in both the topics and presentation format. These reports should include accurate data,

actionable information, and resources that enable job seekers, employers, staff in One-Stops/AJCs, state and local WDBs, and the workforce system to make informed decisions about the work-based learning, training, reemployment, and career pathways strategies that lead to worker advancement along a continuum of high demand, and higher wage jobs. Examples of such other products include: online self-service tools, and other occupational and career guidance resources for job seekers; industry- or occupation-specific research; data visualizations; job vacancy surveys; supply/demand analysis; reports based on analyses of real-time (job ads) data sources, and studies of topics of continuing interest, such as labor or skill gaps, mismatches, and deficiencies. ETA encourages grantees to review the reports issued by other states to obtain useful ideas (http://www.doleta.gov/performance/results/AnnualReports/annual_report.cfm).

Other allowable activities. ETA strongly encourages grantees to provide training and technical assistance about various types of WLMI and its uses to state and local WDBs, One-Stop/AJC partners, state Wagner-Peyser staff, WIOA program planners and policy makers, and other workforce system stakeholders. The purpose of this training is to assist stakeholders in using WLMI for data-driven program planning and informed decision-making. It also assists such staff to better identify and more rigorously report when participants receive WLMI services, to ensure that performance reports better measure the value and impact of WLMI. ETA also encourages grantees to leverage WIGS funds by expanding partnerships among the workforce system and education, training and economic development communities.

6. **Required Methods.** Grantees have considerable flexibility in conducting their work, but must meet certain methodological standards in collaborating with partners, consulting with customers, collecting data, disseminating statistics, maintaining data integrity, confidentiality, and security, and posting their products on the Internet.
 - a. **Partnerships.** In order to best serve their customers and optimize the Federal investment, grantees are to establish and maintain partnerships that grantees consider relevant and mutually beneficial. Such partnerships help to increase resources, improve program outcomes, and help WLMI data influence planning and program decisions.
 - b. **Customer consultation.** One of the key tenets of WIOA is meeting the needs of businesses and jobseekers, and Wagner-Peyser requires states to consult with customers, including employers, WDBs, education agencies, participants, students, and others, about the relevance of the WLMI collected and disseminated. WIGS grantees should consult with customers to ensure the workforce system is providing relevant and integrated information to support decision-making by state and local WDBs and other stakeholders. ETA does not dictate how this outreach is done, but suggests that it also be done in collaboration with other workforce system entities that are doing similar outreach such as business engagement or industry outreach staff at the state and local level. Grantees must document these consultations in their grant file and annual performance report.
 - c. **Data collection and research methodology.** All ETA data collection activities must conform to BLS technical standards and methodologies, except when the grantee documents a defensible rationale for an alternative. Information used in reports must: 1)

be based in part on needs identified through customer consultations and product assessments; 2) come from credible sources that meet professional standards; and 3) be approved in advance by the ETA regional office. Multiple sources must be used, except when the report is based upon a single survey. Sources used must be clearly referenced and/or footnoted. Any additional methodologies employed and any variants encountered in the research must also be clearly described.

- d. **Publication requirements.** In order to maximize the availability of WLMI products, grantees must post grant-funded products, reports, and workforce information on their Web sites in a readily accessible manner (unless otherwise indicated), and meet standard Federal accessibility requirements (www.section508.gov). To meet this criterion, grantees may use WIGS funding to develop, maintain, improve, and/or host WLMI Web sites, virtual One-Stop products, and other electronic delivery systems. Grantees must also use the approved language in Attachment 3 on products or sites that are funded by WIGS.
- e. **Information technology (IT) specifications.** To maximize its usefulness, any IT system or application developed with WIGS is to adhere to industry-standard, open architecture principles with documentation and software made available for use by other organizations for Federal governmental purposes. To enhance the reporting of the delivery of both virtual, in-person and hard copy WLMI services to customers, states are encouraged to work toward greater management information system (MIS) integration to capture WLMI services provided.

7. **Application for Federal Assistance, Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements.**

- a. **Application forms.** To obtain PY 2015 WIGS funds, states must submit through www.Grants.gov the SF 424 (Application for Federal Assistance). The PY15 WIGS application submitted to the regional office must include a copy of both the SF 424 (at http://apply07.grants.gov/apply/forms/sample/SF424_2_1-V2.1.pdf) and SF 424A (at <http://apply07.grants.gov/apply/forms/sample/SF424A-V1.0.pdf>). See both “Action Required” in Section 9 below and Attachment 2 for deadlines and other requirements. ETA regional offices will review the applications and the national Grant Officer will issue a Notice of Obligation (NOO).
- b. **Other standard forms and files.** ETA requires grantees to complete ETA Form 9130 quarterly financial reports within 45 days of the end of each quarter. In addition, grantees must maintain their internal grant files in electronic format, and make these available upon request to ETA.
- c. **Expenditures.** By accepting WIGS funding, a state agrees to fulfill all work specified in this guidance, including submission of all deliverables by the established deadlines. ETA expects grantees to expend WIGS funds during the July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016 period, although carry-over is permitted. Grantees must expend the funds within a three-year period ending on June 30, 2018. During the performance period, the grantee and the ETA regional office may jointly adjust planned expenditures within the state’s allotment. All WIGS expenditures must support the required and allowable activities, and conform

to "reasonable," "necessary," and "allocable" costs specified in 2 CFR Part 200 and 2 CFR Part 2900 *Uniform Administrative Requirements Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (see: <https://cfo.gov/cofar/#RUUG>). WIGS cannot be used to supplant funding from other Federal or State sources. Please contact your regional Federal Project Officer (FPO) for technical assistance and/or review refer to <http://www.etasmarttraining.org/> for more information.

d. Annual performance report. Grantees must submit an annual performance report to the appropriate ETA regional office within ninety days after the end of the applicable PY that summarizes all grantee activities, and lists the core deliverables and activities shown below, in the order indicated.

- i. Workforce information database (WIDb)
- ii. Industry and occupational employment projections
- iii. Annual economic analysis and other reports
- iv. Customer consultations
- v. Activities undertaken to meet customer needs, including any training provided
- vi. New tools and resources
- vii. Efforts to create and support partnerships and collaborations
- viii. Activities to leverage WLMI funding
- ix. Recommendations to ETA for changes and improvements to future WIGS requirements

8. Additional Resources. ETA's LMI WIN-WIN Network community of practice (<https://winwin.workforce3one.org/page/home>) is the agency's principal repository of technical assistance resources to enhance customer and stakeholder use of WLMI. WIGS-funded products enhance the resources available to data users. These resources and other DOL/ETA online resources include the [Guide to State and Local Workforce Data](http://wdr.doleta.gov/directives/attach/workforcedata_guide.pdf) (http://wdr.doleta.gov/directives/attach/workforcedata_guide.pdf), a directory of links to [state and local employment projections](http://www.doleta.gov/business/projections/) (<http://www.doleta.gov/business/projections/>), and research pertaining to: skill shortages, mismatches and deficiencies; the identification of high growth and/or in-demand industries and occupations; and how to understand and use data for special populations, such as dislocated workers, individuals with disabilities, veterans, and Native Americans. ETA encourages the states to establish an Internet link somewhere on their LMI Web site to ETA's LMI WIN-WIN Community of Practice.

9. OMB Approval. To conform to the PRA, the President's Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has reviewed and approved this information collection (OMB Control Number 1205-0417), whose authorization expires March 31, 2017. Under 5 CFR 1320.5(b), an agency cannot conduct, sponsor, or require a response to a collection of information unless the collection displays a valid OMB Control Number.

10. Action Requested. As described in TEGL No. 29-14, to initiate the PY 2015 WIGS, state workforce agencies were required to submit the SF 424 to www.Grants.gov by May 30, 2015. Per the grant agreement, during the course of the year, grantees will provide the deliverables according to the requirements and timeframes outlined in Attachment 2.

11. Inquiries. For questions on grant requirements, contact the applicable ETA regional office. For financial management questions, contact: the applicable ETA regional office; Grants Management Specialist Sharon Carter at Carter.Sharon@DOL.gov; or national Grant Officer Thomas Martin at Martin.Thomas@DOL.gov.

12. Attachments.

1. Workforce Information Grants to the States, PY 2014 compared to PY 2015 Allotments
2. Consolidated Requirements for WIGS Grantees
3. Language for Grant Product Attribution and Intellectual Property Rights

Attachment 1

Workforce Information Grants to the States PY 2014 compared to PY 2015 Allotments

State	2014 Total	2015 Total	Difference	Percentage Change
Total	\$32,000,000	\$32,000,000	\$0	0.00
Alabama	607,835	604,328	(3,507)	-0.69%
Alaska	289,243	289,343	100	0.03%
Arizona	612,836	613,067	221	0.04%
Arkansas	407,384	406,110	(2,274)	-0.56%
California	2,612,037	2,512,646	609	0.02%
Colorado	681,206	683,979	2,773	0.48%
Connecticut	471,267	472,001	744	0.16%
Delaware	298,886	299,203	318	0.11%
District of Columbia	289,809	289,948	139	0.05%
Florida	1,391,678	1,408,710	17,132	1.23%
Georgia	831,404	824,471	(6,933)	-0.83%
Hawaii	323,731	326,099	1,368	0.42%
Idaho	339,000	339,420	420	0.12%
Illinois	1,046,809	1,041,040	(5,769)	-0.56%
Indiana	629,369	636,932	6,663	1.04%
Iowa	446,306	460,811	5,506	1.24%
Kansas	426,480	426,274	(206)	-0.05%
Kentucky	498,878	493,479	(5,399)	-1.08%
Louisiana	499,691	501,868	2,167	0.43%
Maine	331,061	331,102	51	0.02%
Maryland	626,679	623,467	(3,212)	-0.51%
Massachusetts	669,155	671,568	2,403	0.36%
Michigan	816,743	820,078	4,336	0.53%
Minnesota	607,760	608,644	894	0.15%
Mississippi	406,143	398,706	(6,437)	-1.59%
Missouri	610,737	614,280	3,543	0.58%
Montana	306,821	307,848	1,027	0.33%
Nebraska	370,589	369,401	(1,188)	-0.32%
Nevada	411,964	411,778	(176)	-0.04%
New Hampshire	335,427	335,286	(141)	-0.04%
New Jersey	807,160	791,996	(15,164)	-1.88%
New Mexico	368,969	367,691	(1,278)	-0.36%
New York	1,414,730	1,413,628	(1,102)	-0.08%
North Carolina	820,492	813,419	(7,073)	-0.86%
North Dakota	293,366	294,439	1,084	0.37%
Ohio	944,286	944,193	(92)	-0.01%
Oklahoma	466,806	464,819	(987)	-0.21%
Oregon	480,796	480,082	(713)	-0.15%
Pennsylvania	1,039,220	1,026,094	(14,126)	-1.36%
Puerto Rico	389,936	386,666	(3,271)	-0.84%
Rhode Island	312,806	312,362	(453)	-0.14%
South Carolina	609,004	609,226	221	0.04%
South Dakota	299,407	299,746	339	0.11%
Tennessee	624,986	614,134	(10,851)	-1.74%
Texas	1,796,213	1,821,468	25,246	1.41%
Utah	413,138	420,602	7,464	1.81%
Vermont	287,830	287,500	(330)	-0.11%
Virginia	769,686	766,966	6,380	0.84%
Washington	668,760	666,968	(1,802)	-0.27%
West Virginia	342,636	341,936	(701)	-0.2%
Wisconsin	618,083	619,893	1,810	0.29%
Wyoming	282,229	282,649	320	0.11%
U.S. States Total	31,823,200	31,823,200	0	0%
Guam	93,090	93,090	0	0%
Virgin Islands	83,710	83,710	0	0%
Outlying Areas Total	176,800	176,800	0	0%

Attachment 2

Consolidated Requirements for WIGS Grantees

The table below summarizes the deliverables and requirements in column 1. The body of the TEGl explains these in full. Columns 2 and 3 contain important administrative details that have not been included in the body of the TEGl, which focuses on policy. Brackets are used in the table to indicate activities that are not required.

Deliverables and Requirements	Due Dates	Submission, Formatting and Other Requirements
RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING		
<p>SF 424 (Application for Federal Assistance) at http://apply07.grants.gov/apply/forms/sample/SF424_2_1-V2.1.pdf. All sections of the form must be completed.</p> <p>SF 424A (Budget Information) at http://apply07.grants.gov/apply/forms/sample/SF424A-V1.0.pdf. Note: States that plan to expend WIGS funding over a two- or three- year period may want to consult with the applicable ETA regional office when completing Section E.</p> <p>Instructions for both 424 and 424A forms are at http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/form-instructions.html.</p> <p>If a State believes it is necessary to revise their expenditure plan due to unforeseen factors, the State may petition the regional office for approval to modify the plan.</p> <p>Sample completed SF 424 and 424A forms may be obtained from the applicable ETA regional office.</p>	<p>The SF 424 must be submitted to Grants.gov by May 30, 2015. The entire package must be submitted to the regional office no later than July 1, 2015, unless a later date is negotiated with the regional office.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • States must submit the SF 424 to www.Grants.gov. • States must submit a copy of the SF 424 that was submitted through www.Grants.gov and an SF 424A to their ETA regional office
ETA Form 9130 quarterly financial reports. All sections of the form must be completed.	Within 45 days after the end of each quarter	November 14, 2015 February 14, 2016 May 15, 2016 August 14, 2016

Deliverables and Requirements	Due Dates	Submission, Formatting and Other Requirements
<p>Annual Performance Report. The report must include hyperlinks to all published products, and major unpublished products must be attached. It must also summarize all activities, including the following.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describe all deliverables, highlighting new accomplishments, and noting whether partnerships or collaborations were involved. • The required customer consultations (see below) regarding products and services, including the customer needs identified. If customers identified needed improvements, state the responsive measures taken. • Partnership and collaborative efforts, including activities to leverage grant funding and new activities. • Recommendations to ETA for changes and improvements. 	By September 30, 2016	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This report must be submitted to the ETA regional office in a Section 508-compliant accessible PDF for posting online on www.doleta.gov
<p>PRODUCT AND PUBLICATION REQUIREMENTS</p>		
<p>Product Requirements (general)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide accurate and actionable information that enables informed decisions by customers, and supports the development of data-driven strategies and policies. • Produce products benefitting the governor, state legislature, state and local WIBs, relevant stakeholders, and the public. • ETA encourages grantees to notify the appropriate regional office, when products are posted on the Internet. 	Ongoing	<p>All products must include the date of issuance or revision, and an acknowledgement that the product was produced either in whole or in part with WIGS funds. Documents must be formatted to permit parts to be copied (including specific words), e.g., an MS Word document or accessible .pdf formatting enabling such copying.</p>
<p>Publication Requirements (general). States must post all grant-funded products, reports, and workforce information on the Internet in a manner accessible to all members of the public (unless otherwise indicated), and comply with Rehabilitation Act Section 508 requirements.</p>	Within a reasonable period after the completion of the work	<p>States must include links to all WIGS-funded published material on their LMI Web site, and present it in a manner that makes it easy for the public to find this material.</p>

Deliverables and Requirements	Due Dates	Submission, Formatting and Other Requirements
Workforce Information Database (WIDb). Implement and maintain the most current version (now 2.6) of the WIDb, and populate all designated core tables in accordance with Analyst Resource Center (ARC) guidelines (required data elements are listed at http://www.workforceinfodb.org).	June 30, 2016	Implemented in the manner specified by the ARC (see http://www.workforceinfo.db.org/); [states should inform their regional office, if they use supplemental or non-standard WIDb tables.]
Licensing and certification information: states must populate the database with the license.dbf and licauth.dbf licensing files.	At least every 2 years	States must submit data through the National Crosswalk Service Center (NCSC), in the manner specified by ARC.
Employment Projections (general)	Ongoing	States must provide links to all published projections on a single Web page. Unpublished projections products must be provided to the ETA regional office (to confirm that the deliverable was completed).
Statewide long-term industry and occupational projections <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10-year projections required in odd-numbered calendar years 	By June 30, 2016	File must be provided to the Projections Managing Partnership (PMP) in a manner to be specified by the PMP
Statewide short-term industry and occupational projections <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2-year projections 	By February 28, 2016	File must be provided to PMP in a manner to be specified by the PMP
Sub-state long-term industry and occupational projections <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10-year projections required in even-numbered calendar years 	NA (Required again in PY 2016 TEGL)	File must be provided to PMP in a manner to be specified by the PMP
Sub-state short-term industry and occupational projections <ul style="list-style-type: none"> [Optional: allowable and encouraged, but not required, activity] 	NA	If submitted, the file must be provided to PMP in a manner to be specified by the PMP.

Deliverables and Requirements	Due Dates	Submission, Formatting and Other Requirements
<p>Annual Economic Analysis Report. The information in this report: must be based on needs identified through customer consultations; must come from multiple, credible sources; and must be clearly referenced and/or footnoted.</p>	September 30, 2016	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This report must be submitted to the ETA regional office in a Section 508-compliant accessible PDF for posting online on www.doleta.gov • Unless a product referred to is a Web site, all Internet links in the document must lead directly to the product, not to a Web site that includes the product. • See general product and publication requirements
<p>Other Published Reports. The information must be: based on needs identified through customer consultations; must come from multiple, credible sources; and must be clearly referenced and/or footnoted.</p>	Within 90 calendar days following the end of the program year	Must be formatted in a manner to permit parts of it to be copied (including specific words), e.g., a MS Word document or accessible .pdf formatting enabling such copying.
OTHER REQUIREMENTS		
<p>Consultations with customers about WLMI produced with WIGS grant funding.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Customers consulted must include those specified in the Wagner-Peyser Act §15e(2). • ETA does not prescribe the consultation methodology. Consultations must be documented in the grantee's internal files, and made available upon request to ETA officials. 	Ongoing	
<p>Data collection. All ETA data collection activities must conform to the BLS technical standards and methodologies. If this does not occur, the grantee must document a defensible rationale for an alternative that is approved in advance by the applicable ETA regional office.</p>	Ongoing	

Deliverables and Requirements	Due Dates	Submission, Formatting and Other Requirements
IT systems and applications. Any IT system or application developed with WIGS funding is required to adhere to industry-standard, open architecture principles with documentation and software made available for use by other organizations for Federal governmental purposes.	Ongoing	

Attachment 3

Language for Grant Product Attribution and Intellectual Property Rights

The following language needs to appear on all products developed in whole or in part with grant funds:

This workforce product was funded by a grant awarded by the U.S. Department of Labor's Employment and Training Administration. The product was created by the recipient and does not necessarily reflect the official position of the U.S. Department of Labor. The Department of Labor makes no guarantees, warranties, or assurances of any kind, express or implied, with respect to such information, including any information on linked sites and including, but not limited to, accuracy of the information or its completeness, timeliness, usefulness, adequacy, continued availability, or ownership. This product is copyrighted by the institution that created it. Internal use by an organization and/or personal use by an individual for non-commercial purposes is permissible. All other uses require the prior authorization of the copyright owner."

In addition, the following text needs to appear when applicable.

The Federal Government reserves a paid-up, nonexclusive and irrevocable license to reproduce, publish or otherwise use, and to authorize others to use for federal purposes: i) the copyright in all products developed under the grant, including a subgrant or contract under the grant or subgrant; and ii) any rights of copyright to which the recipient, subrecipient or a contractor purchases ownership under an award (including but not limited to curricula, training models, technical assistance products, and any related materials). Such uses include, but are not limited to, the right to modify and distribute such products worldwide by any means, electronically or otherwise. Federal funds may not be used to pay any royalty or license fee for use of a copyrighted work, or the cost of acquiring by purchase a copyright in a work, where the Department has a license or rights of free use in such work, although they may be used to pay costs for obtaining a copy which is limited to the developer/seller costs of copying and shipping. If revenues are generated through selling products developed with grant funds, including intellectual property, these revenues are program income. Program income must be used in accordance with the provisions of this grant award and 2 CFR 200.307.